

## **EU ACTION PLAN ON HUMAN RIGHTS AND DEMOCRACY**





**AND DEMOCRACY** 

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or contact the Public Information Service of the General Secretariat of the Council:

Rue de la Loi/Wetstraat 175

1048 Bruxelles/Brussel

BELGIQUE/BELGIË

Tel. +32 (0)2 281 56 50

Fax +32 (0)2 281 49 77

public.info@consilium.europa.eu

www.consilium.europa.eu/infopublic



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# FOREWORD BY FEDERICA MOGHERINI, HIGH REPRESENTATIVE OF THE EUROPEAN UNION FOR FOREIGN AFFAIRS AND SECURITY POLICY

The second Action Plan on Human Rights and Democracy, which covers the 5 years of my mandate, comes at a critical time, a time when we are faced with complex political and humanitarian crises and with the shrinking of civil society space worldwide. These challenges demand from the EU and its Member States a redoubling of efforts and a renewal of their firm commitment to upholding human rights and supporting democratic values, in line with the Universal Declaration of Human Rights.

The EU cannot face these challenges alone and democratic transitions cannot succeed unless they are rooted in local realities. This is why the new Action Plan focuses on empowering local actors and civil society organisations. As the focus of our external action becomes more global, it is even more important to engage with regional powers and with actors on the ground. Whenever possible, the EU's human rights policy will be based on a strong partnership with local institutions, including parliaments, and local HR mechanisms; it will pursue a close dialogue with and provide consistent support to civil society actors, including Human Rights Defenders.

One of the guiding principles of EU action in the coming years will be on a more coordinated use of all EU instruments and policies. This is particularly important when we are faced with dramatic political and humanitarian crises, in which the rights and freedoms of individuals or entire communities are systematically violated and their livelihoods put in serious danger. Our action in this context will be focused on early detection, on prevention and mediation of conflicts, on accountability and transitional justice, in order to offer a comprehensive response to such crises.

Women are a key vector of change and an important actor in reconciliation and peace processes. This is why gender equality and women's empowerment feature so highly in the Action Plan.

Today, what are considered internal policies impact our reputation worldwide. What happens in our neighbourhood and beyond impacts on our security and wellbeing.

Against this background, it is key to mainstream human rights into all the EU's activities and policies (including migration and asylum, counterterrorism and trade), and to increase the coherence and synergies between our internal and external policies.

Our programme for the years to come is laid out – we now need to focus our minds on achieving the ambitious objectives we have set ourselves. For this we need the support and commitment of all the relevant players – all EU institutions, EU Member States, civil society organisations.

So I welcome the initiative of the Council to publish the Action Plan in this format. This is a valuable contribution towards making the EU's external policy on Human Rights more coherent and more widely known among our international partners and EU citizens

## COUNCIL CONCLUSIONS ON THE ACTION PLAN ON HUMAN RIGHTS AND DEMOCRACY 2015 - 2019

#### Foreign Affairs Council, 20 July 2015

- 1. Welcoming the Joint Communication "Keeping human rights at the heart of the EU agenda", as presented by the High Representative of the European Union for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy and the European Commission, the Council adopts a new Action Plan on Human Rights and Democracy for the period 2015-2019. With this Action Plan, the Council reaffirms the European Union's commitment to promote and protect human rights and to support democracy worldwide
- 2. Based on the Strategic Framework on Human Rights and Democracy and the 2012-2014 Action Plan, the European Union has made considerable progress in improving the impact and coherence of its actions on human rights and democracy. The EU has further developed guidelines on key human rights issues, enhanced the effectiveness of bilateral human rights and democracy work, successfully promoted action at the multilateral level, and improved the mainstreaming of human rights across the EU's external action. The Council also welcomes the important work of the EU Special Representative for Human Rights Stavros Lambrinidis, who greatly contributes to the effectiveness, coherence and visibility of EU human rights policy, and expresses full political support for his work.
- 3. Today's complex crises and widespread violations and abuses of human rights and fundamental freedoms require ever more determined efforts by the EU. This Action Plan should enable the EU to meet these challenges through more focused action, systematic and coordinated use of the instruments at its disposal, and enhanced impact of its policies and tools on the ground. The EU will put special emphasis on ownership by, and co-operation with, local institutions and mechanisms, including national human rights institutions, as well as civil society. The EU will promote the principles of non-discrimination, gender equality and women's empowerment. The EU will also ensure a comprehensive human rights approach to preventing and addressing conflicts and crises, and further mainstream human rights in the external aspects of EU policies in order to ensure better policy coherence, in particular in the fields of migration, trade and investment, development cooperation and counterterrorism.

- 4. The EU remains committed to implementing the entire human rights and democracy agenda as reflected in the 2012 Strategic Framework for Human Rights and Democracy, which continues to guide the Union's actions, and in the EU human rights guidelines, Council Conclusions and strategy papers. The EU will continue to promote and defend the universality and indivisibility of all human rights in partnership with countries from all regions, in close cooperation with international and regional organisations, and with civil society. The EU will step up its efforts to promote a safe and enabling environment in which civil society and independent media can flourish. The EU emphasises the key contribution that civil society actors and human rights defenders make to peace and security, stability and prosperity.
- 5. The Council commends the important role played by the High Representative/ Vice-President and the European Commission in promoting a consistent and coherent implementation of the EU's human rights policy. The Action Plan will be implemented with the close involvement of the European Parliament and regular consultation with relevant stakeholders, in particular civil society organisations. The EU is committed to improve public diplomacy and communication on its human rights actions. A mid-term review of the Action Plan will be undertaken in 2017 which will coincide with the mid-term review of the external financing instruments in order to ensure greater coherence. The Council invites all partners to contribute to the success of this Action Plan and to promote human rights and democracy around the world.



Presentation of the EU Action Plan on Human Rights and Democracy (2015-2019) at the Foreign Affairs Council of 20 July 2015

### EU STRATEGIC FRAMEWORK ON HUMAN RIGHTS AND DEMOCRACY

#### **HUMAN RIGHTS THROUGHOUT EU POLICY**

The European Union is founded on a shared determination to promote peace and stability and to build a world founded on respect for human rights, democracy and the rule of law. These principles underpin all aspects of the internal and external policies of the European Union.

Human rights are universally applicable legal norms. Democracy is a universal aspiration. Throughout the world, women and men demand to live lives of liberty, dignity and security in open and democratic societies underpinned by human rights and the rule of law. Sustainable peace, development and prosperity are possible only when grounded upon respect for human rights, democracy and the rule of law.

Yet respect for human rights and democracy cannot be taken for granted. Their universal nature is questioned on grounds of cultural differences. Modern information and communications technologies, while facilitating the free exchange of information between individuals, have also massively increased the coercive power of authoritarian states.

The EU is aware of these challenges and determined to strengthen its efforts to ensure that human rights are realised for all. The EU will continue to throw its full weight behind advocates of liberty, democracy and human rights throughout the world.

#### PROMOTING THE UNIVERSALITY OF HUMAN RIGHTS

The EU reaffirms its commitment to the promotion and protection of all human rights, whether civil and political, or economic, social and cultural. The EU calls on all States to implement the provisions of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and to ratify and implement the key international human rights treaties, including core labour rights conventions, as well as regional human rights instruments. The EU will speak out against any attempt to undermine respect for universality of human rights.

The Joint Communication of the European Commission and EU High Representative for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy 'Human Rights and democracy at the heart of EU external action — Towards a more effective approach', which takes stock of the impact of policy to date and proposes areas for further action, is a welcome contribution towards the development of an EU human rights strategy to promote these goals through its external action.

#### **PURSUING COHERENT OBJECTIVES**

Article 21 of the Treaty on European Union has reaffirmed the EU's determination to promote human rights and democracy through all its external actions. The entry into legal force of the EU Charter of Fundamental Rights, and the prospect of the EU's acceptance of the jurisdiction of the European Court of Human Rights through its accession to the European Convention on Human Rights, underline the EU's commitment to human rights in all spheres. Within their own frontiers, the EU and its Member States are committed to be exemplary in ensuring respect for human rights. Outside their frontiers, promoting and speaking out on human rights and democracy is a joint responsibility of the EU and its Member States.

The EU seeks to prevent violations of human rights throughout the world and, where violations occur, to ensure that victims have access to justice and redress and that those responsible are held to account. To this end, the EU will step up its efforts to promote human rights, democracy and the rule of law across all aspects of external action. It will strengthen its capability and mechanisms for early warning and prevention of crises liable to entail human rights violations. It will deepen its cooperation with partner countries, international organisations and civil society, and build new partnerships to adapt to changing circumstances. The EU will strengthen its work with partners worldwide to support democracy, notably the development of genuine and credible electoral processes and representative and transparent democratic institutions at the service of the citizen.

#### **HUMAN RIGHTS IN ALL EU EXTERNAL POLICIES**

The EU will promote human rights in all areas of its external action without exception. In particular, it will integrate the promotion of human rights into trade, investment, technology and telecommunications, Internet, energy, environmental, corporate social responsibility and development policy as well as into Common Security and Defence Policy and the external dimensions of employment and social policy and the area of freedom, security and justice, including counter-terrorism policy. In the area of development cooperation, a human rights based approach will be used to ensure that the EU strengthens its efforts to assist partner countries in implementing their international human rights obligations.

#### **IMPLEMENTING EU PRIORITIES ON HUMAN RIGHTS**

The EU will continue to promote freedom of expression, opinion, assembly and association, both on-line and offline; democracy cannot exist without these rights. It will promote freedom of religion or belief and to fight discrimination in all its forms through combating discrimination on grounds of race, ethnicity, age, gender or sexual orientation and advocating for the rights of children, persons belonging to minorities, indigenous peoples, refugees, migrants and persons with disabilities.

The EU will continue to campaign for the rights and empowerment of women in all contexts through fighting discriminatory legislation, gender-based violence and marginalisation. The EU will intensify its efforts to promote economic, social and cultural rights; the EU will strengthen its efforts to ensure universal and non-discriminatory access to basic services, with a particular focus on poor and vulnerable groups. The EU will encourage and contribute to implementation of the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights.

The death penalty and torture constitute serious violations of human rights and human dignity. Encouraged by the growing momentum towards abolition of the death penalty worldwide, the EU will continue its long-standing campaign against the death penalty. The EU will continue to campaign vigorously against torture and cruel, inhuman and degrading treatment.



Voter checking the electoral roll at the November 2010 general elections in Tanzania

The fair and impartial administration of justice is essential to safeguard human rights. The EU will step up its efforts to promote the right to a fair trial and equality before the law. The EU will continue to promote observance of international humanitarian law; it will fight vigorously against impunity for serious crimes of concern to the international community, including sexual violence committed in connection with armed conflict, not least through its commitment to the International Criminal Court.

Courageous individuals fighting for human rights worldwide frequently find themselves the target of oppression and coercion; the EU will intensify its political and financial support for human rights defenders and step up its efforts against all forms of reprisals. A vigorous and independent civil society is essential to the functioning of democracy and the implementation of human rights; effective engagement with civil society is a cornerstone of a successful human rights policy. The EU places great value on its regular dialogue with civil society both inside and outside the EU and is profoundly concerned at attempts in some countries to restrict the independence of civil society. As a leading donor to civil society, the EU will continue supporting human rights defenders under the European Instrument for Democracy and Human Rights and make funding operations more flexible and more accessible.

#### **WORKING WITH BILATERAL PARTNERS**

The EU will place human rights at the centre of its relations with all third countries, including its strategic partners. While firmly based on universal norms, the EU's policy on human rights will be carefully designed for the circumstances of each country, not least through the development of country human rights strategies. The EU will always seek constructive engagement with third countries; in this light, the EU will continue to deepen its human rights dialogues and consultations with partner countries and will aim to ensure that these dialogues lead to results. The EU will raise human rights issues vigorously in all appropriate forms of bilateral political dialogue, including at the highest level. In addition, the EU will work with partner countries to identify areas where EU geographic funding instruments can be used to support projects which bolster human rights, including support for human rights education and training. However, when faced with violations of human rights, the EU will make use of the full range of instruments at its disposal, including sanctions or condemnation. The EU will step up its effort to make best use of the human rights clause in political framework agreements with third countries. In the European Neighbourhood Policy countries, the EU has firmly committed itself to supporting a comprehensive agenda of locallyled political reform, with democracy and human rights at its centre, including through the policy of "more for more". Human rights will remain at the heart of the EU's enlargement policy.

#### **WORKING THROUGH MULTILATERAL INSTITUTIONS**

The EU remains committed to a strong multilateral human rights system which can monitor impartially implementation of human rights norms and call all States to account. The EU will resist strenuously any attempts to call into question the universal application of human rights and will continue to speak out in the United Nations General Assembly, the UN Human Rights Council and the International Labour Organisation against human rights violations. The independence and effectiveness of the UN Office of the High Commissioner for Human Rights, as well as of the treaty monitoring bodies and UN Special Procedures, is essential. The EU underlines the leading role of the UN Human Rights Council in addressing urgent cases of human rights violations and will contribute vigorously to the effective functioning of the Council; the EU stands ready to cooperate with countries from all regions to this end. The EU calls on all members of the Human Rights Council to uphold the highest standards of human rights and to live up to their pledges made before election. Welcoming the establishment of Universal Periodic Review (UPR), the EU and its Member States are committed to raising UPR recommendations which have been accepted, as well as recommendations of treaty monitoring bodies and UN Special Procedures, in bilateral relations with all third countries; the Member States are equally determined to ensure implementation of such recommendations within their own frontiers. In forthcoming UPR rounds, the EU will pay close attention to the degree of implementation by third countries of UPR commitments which they have accepted and will endeavour to provide support for their implementation.

The EU will continue its engagement with the invaluable human rights work of the Council of Europe and the OSCE. It will work in partnership with regional and other organisations such as the African Union, ASEAN, SAARC, the Organisation of American States, the Arab League, the Organisation of Islamic Cooperation and the Pacific Islands Forum with a view to encouraging the consolidation of regional human rights mechanisms

#### THE EU WORKING TOGETHER

The European Parliament's democratic mandate gives it particular authority and expertise in the field of human rights. The Parliament already plays a leading role in the promotion of human rights, in particular through its resolutions. While respecting their distinct institutional roles, it is important that the European Parliament, the Council, the Member States, the European Commission and the EEAS commit themselves to working together ever more closely to realise their common goal of improving respect for human rights.



People queuing at a polling station at the September 2006 presidential elections in the Gambia



Children from Pozuzo and Palcazú, Peru

## **EU ACTION PLAN ON HUMAN RIGHTS AND DEMOCRACY (2015-2019)**

The purpose of this Action Plan is to continue implementing the EU Strategic Framework on Human Rights and Democracy, with sufficient flexibility so as to respond to new challenges as they arise. It builds upon the existing body of EU human rights and democracy support policies in the external action<sup>1</sup>, notably EU guidelines, toolkits and other agreed positions, and the various external financing instruments, in particular the European Instrument for Democracy and Human Rights. This Action Plan covers relevant human rights aspects of the EU external action.

In order to ensure an effective implementation of the Action Plan, it is important that the European institutions work together, while respecting their distinct institutional roles and competences, and that, where appropriate, the Action Plan is implemented by the Member States. Responsibility for carrying out the actions listed resides with the High Representative/Vice President assisted by the European External Action Service (EEAS), and with the Commission, the Council and Member States, within their respective fields of competence as defined by the Treaty on European Union<sup>2</sup>. The EU Special Representative for Human Rights shall contribute to implementation of the Action Plan, in accordance with his mandate. The Action Plan covers the period until 31 December 2019 and its implementation will be reviewed in 2017.

<sup>1</sup> Without prejudice to the specific arrangements for candidate countries and potential candidates under the EU's enlargement policy.

Decisions on specific steps to implement this Action Plan will be taken in accordance with the treaties. The Action Plan does not affect the division of competence between the EU and its Member States, and will be interpreted in line with Declaration 13 to the treaties.

#### **EU ACTION PLAN ON HUMAN RIGHTS AND DEMOCRACY (2015-2019)**

Objective	Action	Timeline	Responsibility				
I. BOOSTING	I. BOOSTING OWNERSHIP OF LOCAL ACTORS						
a) Delivering a	omprehensive support to public institutions						
1. Supporting the cap-acity of National Human Rights (NHRIs)	a. Recognise and support the crucial role of NHRIs as independent institutions and affirm the EU commitment to support and engage in particular with those institutions which are in line with the Paris Principles; work to strengthen the involvement of such NHRIs in consultation processes at country level, in particular regarding Human Rights Dialogues and third countries' reforms.	Ongoing	Commission Services (COM), EEAS, Member States (MS)				
	b. Strengthen, in the context of the NHRIs' International Coordinating Committee, the capacities of those with an 'A' status, support the upgrade of those with a 'B' status to 'A' status and cooperate with their regional and international networks; work on these issues should feed into the next mid-term programming period of the EU External Financing Instruments.	By 2017	COM, EEAS, MS				
	c. Facilitate cooperation between NHRIs in EU Member States and NHRIs in partner countries.	Ongoing	MS, COM				

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2. Supporting the integrity of electoral processes and the	a.	Enhance the role and capacity of, and public confidence in, Election Management Bodies to independently and effectively organise credible, inclusive and transparent elections, in particular through enhanced dedicated dialogue and long term support strategy with the objective to promote the integrity of the electoral processes.	Ongoing	COM, EEAS, MS
strengthe- ning of Election Manage- ment Bodies	b.	Encourage participatory and inclusive dialogue between Election Management Bodies and key stakeholders throughout the overall democratic cycle, with a view to increase participation of political parties and civil society organisations, including through their access to information and their observation of all stages of the election process; enhance the training of domestic election observers.	Ongoing	EEAS, COM, MS
	C.	Encourage the increased participation of women and persons belonging to marginalised groups in all stages of the election process.	Ongoing	EEAS, COM, MS
3. Supporting the capacity of Parliamentary	a.	Support the development of legislative, budgetary and oversight prerogatives of parliaments, assist parliaments in organising public debates on key reform issues with due account being taken of relevant international human rights obligations and standards.	Ongoing	COM, EEAS, MS
institutions	b.	Include a parliamentary dimension into EU and EU Member States' good governance programmes and budget support.	By 2017	COM, EEAS, MS

4	Targeted support to justice systems	a.	Accompany judicial reform (both criminal and civil) with appropriate training of the legal profession to increase awareness of international human rights standards and obligations; support, the reform of law enforcement agencies, including through human rights training, and assistance to detention facilities in bringing conditions of detention up to international standards.	Ву 2017	EEAS, COM, MS
		b.	Monitor and promote at bilateral and multilateral level the compliance by partner countries of their international obligations in terms of access to justice and fair trial at all stages of the legal process; mobilise as appropriate technical co-operation and support; promote the independence of the judiciary; facilitate access to justice at local level.	Ongoing	EEAS, COM, MS
5.	Providing comprehensive support to public institutions	a.	Continue strengthening good governance and the rule of law through support to the separation of powers, independence and accountability of democratic institutions; promote the role of domestic actors in reform processes, including constitutional reforms, in order to better reflect the interests of various stakeholders.	Ongoing	EEAS, COM, MS
		b.	Promote the establishment of specialised bodies in the field of anti- corruption which hold public institutions accountable; strengthen the capacity and expertise of public administration and anti-corruption bodies to develop and implement policies with integrity and good management of public resources.	Ongoing	COM, EEAS, MS

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6. Strengthen- ing cooper- ation with the UN and	a.	Strengthen human rights and democracy aspects in EU cooperation with the UN and regional organisations and mechanisms, in particular by pursuing synergies and common initiatives on key thematic issues and at important multilateral events.	Ongoing	EEAS, COM
regional Human Rights and Democracy mechanisms	b.	Promote dialogue and capacity building initiatives between regional human rights and democracy mechanisms.	Ongoing	EEAS, COM, MS
b) Invigorating	civil s	society		
7. Promoting stronger partnership with third	a.	Facilitate and support structured exchanges, inter alia through sharing best practices and lessons learned, between government, members of parliament and civil society, including representatives of the social partners.	Ongoing	EEAS, COM, MS
countries' Civil Society Organisa- tions (CSO),	b.	Further strengthen the capacity of CSOs to hold governments accountable, including through exchanges of best practices among CSOs and through the promotion of multistakeholder dialogue and human rights and civic education.	Ongoing	COM, EEAS, MS
including so- cial partners and between authorities, parliaments and CSO	C.	Improve the quality of consultations organised by the EU at local level, in particular with a view to taking into consideration the views of civil society when designing and implementing policies; encourage multistakeholder dialogues (authorities, CSOs, EU and other actors) as part of the EU Delegations' (EU DELs) country roadmaps for engaging with civil society.	Ongoing	COM, EEAS, MS

		d.	Step up EU engagement with political parties and citizen movements with a view to strengthening political pluralism and parties' role in fostering accountable institutions and practices, as well as inclusive national reform processes.	Ongoing	COM, EEAS, MS
8.	Empowering CSOs defending the rights of women and girls		Support women's organisations and Human Rights Defenders (HRDs) in their work for, and defence of, the rights of women and girls, and encourage them to play a stronger role in holding decision-makers to account on gender equality and women's rights issues; encourage decision makers to engage in dialogue with women's organisations and HRDs.	Ongoing	EEAS, COM, MS
9.	Invigorating support to Human Rights Defenders (HRDs), including in international and regional fora	a.	Step-up consistent support to HRDs by: raising cases of at-risk HRDs including during high-level visits, dialogues and missions; addressing impunity in cases of violations against HRDs; increasing burden sharing and co-ordination between EU Delegations and Member State Embassies on HRD protection activities; sharing best practices on relevant mechanisms including temporary shelter schemes and emergency visas; continuing to support and cooperate with UN and regional mechanisms for the protection of HRDs; enhancing support for multilateral initiatives on HRDs and civil society space, including at the UN and regional organisations.	Ongoing	EEAS, COM, Council, MS
		b.	Ensure more frequent outreach activities in rural areas, and more systematic support to HRDs working on women's rights, LGBTI rights, and those advocating for the rights and inclusion of persons belonging to marginalised groups	Ongoing	EEAS, COM, MS

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10. Addressing threats to civil society space	a.	Promote and support legislation, policies and mechanisms designed to protect HRDs; in particular, strengthen the implementation of the relevant EU Guidelines and the EU HRD Mechanism launched under the EIDHR.	By 2017	EEAS, COM, Council, MS
	b.	Monitor and assess the legal (e.g. laws and regulations) and enabling (e.g. arbitrary procedural, financial harassment or restrictions, in particular regarding foreign funding) environment for civil society including social partners and proactively identify and report on threats to civil society space, including reprisals, and take steps to counter such threats.	Ongoing	EEAS, COM, MS
	C.	Oppose through public or non-public messaging unjustified restrictions to freedom of peaceful assembly and association, confinement of civil society's space and attempts to hinder the work of civil society, including HRDs, such as the criminalisation of HRDs, ensuring these issues are regularly raised in bilateral meetings, human rights dialogues, and UN and regional fora.	Ongoing	EEAS, COM, MS



European Commissioner for International Cooperation and Development, Neven Mimica, visits the NGO Action For Fundamental Change and Development (AFFCAD) in Kampala, Uganda (September 2015)



Members of citizenship and peace clubs in Lebanon at an event in Dhour el Choueir, related to the EU project 'Windows to Participation, Door to Peace' (August 2013)

Objective	Action	Timeline	Responsibility
II. ADDRESSI	IG HUMAN RIGHTS CHALLENGES		
11. Protecting and promoting freedom of expression online and offline	a. Oppose — bilaterally and in multilateral and regional fora — legislation, regulation or government pressure that unduly limit freedom of expression; take active steps to prevent and respond to violence against journalists, bloggers and other media actors, enabling them to work in safety and security, online as well as offline without fear of harassment, political pressure, censorship and persecution; support efforts to strengthen free, diverse and independent media.	Ongoing	EEAS, COM, MS
	b. Ensure that the respect for freedom of opinion and expression are integrated in the development of policies and programmes relating to counter terrorism, cyber security, the fight against cybercrime, access to information and other EU policies in this regard.	By 2017	EEAS, COM, Council, MS
	c. Promote dialogue, both bilaterally as well as in multilateral fora, on the right to privacy and data protection; work to ensure that the legislation and procedures of States regarding the surveillance of communications uphold obligations under international human rights law.	Ongoing	EEAS, COM, MS

12. Promoting and Protecting Freedom of Religion or Belief	a.	Ensure that freedom of religion or belief remains high on the agenda of relations with third countries, as well as in multilateral fora, in close cooperation with relevant stakeholders; promote the exchange of best practices, and deepen awareness on the various components of freedom of religion or belief at headquarters, EU delegations and Member State embassies.	By 2017	EEAS, COM, MS
	b.	Encourage and support relevant partner countries and other stakeholders' initiatives on freedom of religion or belief in particular those aimed at protecting and promoting the rights of persons belonging to religious minorities, enabling them to manifest their religion or belief without fear of violence, discrimination, political pressure, censorship or persecution.	Ongoing	EEAS, COM, MS
	C.	Promote inter-cultural and inter-religious dialogue and the role of religious and other leaders in ensuring freedom of religion or belief.	By 2017	EEAS, COM, MS
13. Combatting torture, ill-treatment and the death penalty	a.	Address torture and ill-treatment (prevention, accountability and rehabilitation), and the death penalty (abolition, moratorium and minimum standards) in a comprehensive manner through political and human rights dialogues and support to partner countries, independent national prevention mechanisms and civil society; mainstream safeguards against death penalty, torture and ill-treatment in EU activities, including in counter-terrorism and in crisis management.	Ongoing	EEAS, COM, Council, MS
	b.	Elaborate a coherent approach addressing the links between death penalty, torture and cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment, extra judicial summary or arbitary executions, enforced disappearances and arbitrary arrest and detention.	By 2017	EEAS, COM, Council, MS

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	C.	Undertake joint actions to promote the absolute prohibition of torture working in close cooperation with the UN, regional organisations and civil society, including supporting the 10 year global initiative (Convention against torture Initiative), to achieve global ratification and implementation of the UN Convention against Torture (CAT) by 2024; promote the ratification and implementation of its Optional Protocol (OPCAT), and the Second Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, aiming at the abolition of the death penalty.	Ongoing	EEAS, COM, MS
14. Promoting gender equality, women's rights,	a.	Step up the implementation of obligations and commitments to women's rights made in CEDAW, under the Beijing Platform for Action, in the Cairo Declaration on Population & Development and in the post-2015 development agenda.	Ongoing	EEAS, COM, MS
empower- ment and participation of women and girls	b.	In the context of EU external action and development cooperation, prioritise actions targeting, inter alia the protection of physical and psychological integrity of women and girls through activities which help protect women's human rights and freedom from violence with special attention to ending Female Genital Mutilation (FGM), Child Early and Forced Marriage, gender based and sexual violence in conflict; their economic, social and cultural rights and their voice and participation in social and political fora; develop and implement a successor of the EU Action Plan on Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment in Development Cooperation 2010 - 2015 (GAP).	Ongoing	EEAS, COM, MS
	C.	Promote and strengthen gender equality and women's empowerment, including through a new strategy on equal opportunities for women and men and increase accountability, in coherence with the overall EU gender equality policy.	Ongoing	EEAS, COM, Council

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15.	15. Promoting, protecting and fulfilling children's rights	a.	Support partner countries' efforts to promote, protect and fulfil children's rights with a particular focus on strengthening child protection systems to protect children from violence, exploitation, abuse and neglect.	Ongoing	EEAS, COM, MS
		b.	Support partner countries to promote, protect and fulfil children's rights with a focus on economic, social and cultural rights such as the right to education, health and nutrition, social protection and the fight against the worst forms of child labour, always guided by the best interests of the child.	Ongoing	EEAS, COM, MS
		C.	Promote the ratification of the Optional Protocols to the UN Convention on the Rights of the Child on the involvement of children in armed conflict, on the sale of children, child prostitution and child pornography and consider accession to the Optional Protocol on a communications procedure.	Ongoing	EEAS, COM, MS
16.	16. Cultivating an envir- onment of non- discrimination	a.	Develop an EU Toolkit on Anti-discrimination, outlining tools for anti-discrimination measures against all forms of discrimination, including multiple forms of discrimination.	By 2016	EEAS, COM, Council
		b.	Promote the exchange of best practices with partner countries on strategies and policies to combat racism, racial discrimination, xenophobia and related intolerance.	Ongoing	EEAS, COM, MS
		C.	Support partner countries' efforts and relevant initiatives by the UN, as well as regional organisations aimed at protecting and promoting the rights of persons belonging to minorities and engage with their representatives and civil society working on these issues.	Ongoing	EEAS, COM, MS

d.	Further develop EU policy in line with the UN Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples and the outcome document of the 2014 World Conference on Indigenous Peoples.	By 2016	EEAS, COM, MS
e.	Continue to work at bilateral and multilateral levels with third countries, taking into account the views of civil society, towards the elimination of discrimination against LGBTI persons; increase awareness and proactive handling of LGBTI issues by staff in Headquarters, EU Delegations and Member State Embassies and step up support to local CSOs working on LGBTI issues.	Ongoing	EEAS, MS, Council, COM
f.	Step up the promotion of the rights of persons with disabilities in EU external action by promoting equal access and enjoyment of human rights of persons with disabilities in compliance with the UNCRPD to which the EU is a party; mainstream disability concerns in human rights actions and develop targeted actions to remove barriers to their equal participation and improve their social inclusion; support and strengthen the functioning of the mechanisms to promote, protect and monitor the UNCRPD pursuant to its article 33.2 including their set up in partner countries; take necessary steps for the EU accession to the Optional Protocol to UNCRPD.	Ongoing	COM, EEAS, Council, MS
g.	Increase awareness of the human rights and specific needs of older persons paying particular attention to age based discrimination.	Ongoing	EEAS, COM, MS

17. Fostering a comprehensive agenda to promote Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (ESCR)	a.	Increase the EU's focus on ESCR in its external policy, including in its programming of external assistance, while also underlining that human rights are indivisible and interlinked; emphasize the clear recognition of the human rights dimension in areas such as social policy, health, education, access to food and water, or standard of living; promote and support the development and increased coverage of national social protection floors and gradual implementation of higher standards of social guarantees.	Ongoing	EEAS, COM, Council, MS
	b.	Strengthen capacity building and develop political and operational guidance on economic, social and cultural rights in order to ensure that all relevant EU and Member State staff are informed of the international treaties related to economic, social and cultural rights, in particular those related to fundamental principles and rights at work (ILO fundamental conventions); consider accession to the Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights.	Ongoing	EEAS, COM, Council, MS
	C.	Step up efforts to protect Human Rights Defenders including social partners, who are working to uphold economic, social and cultural rights, with a particular focus on human rights defenders working on labour rights, land-related human rights issues, and indigenous peoples, in the context of inter alia 'land grabbing' and climate change.	Ongoing	EEAS, COM, MS

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18. Advancing on Business and Human Rights	a.	Develop capacity and knowledge on the implementation of Business and Human Rights guidelines, in particular as regards the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights (UNGPs) and other tools/initiatives that contribute to the implementation of the UNGPs; strengthen the role and expertise of EU Delegations and Member State embassies in this context; raise awareness on the UNGPs and corporate social responsibility in external action and policy dialogue with partner governments and regional organisations; promote the adoption of National Action Plans (NAPs) by partner countries; proactively engage with business, civil society, National Human Rights Institutions, on issues related to business and human rights.	By 2017	EEAS, COM, MS
	b.	Ensure a strong focus on business and human rights in the overall EU strategy on Corporate Social Responsibility including priorities for the effective implementation of the UN Guiding Principles.	By 2016	COM, Council, EEAS
	C.	Develop and implement National Action Plans (NAPs) on the implementation of the UN Guiding principles or integrate the UN Guiding Principles in national CSR Strategies; share experience and best practices in the development of NAPs.	By 2017	MS



School children in Port-au-Prince, Haiti



The NGO Action For Fundamental Change and Development (AFFCAD) promotes work opportunities in Kampala, Uganda (September 2015)

Objective	Act	tion	Timeline	Responsibility
III. ENSURING	A C	OMPREHENSIVE HUMAN RIGHTS APPROACH TO CONFLICTS	AND CRIS	ES
19. Moving from early-	a.	Promote and make best use of the new EU Conflict Early Warning System as a tool for the prevention of serious human rights violations.	Ongoing	EEAS, Council, MS
warning to preventive action	b.	Ensure greater coherence in the fields of human rights reporting and early warning/conflict analysqis, including by addressing relevant conflict risks in human rights dialogues and consultations and through increased co-operation with international and regional organisations.	By 2016	EEAS, MS
	C.	Support activities to monitor and counter incitement that could lead to serious violations or abuses of human rights, notably atrocity crimes; support activities in the fight against hate speech and violent extremism, through the identification of root causes, the development of counternarratives, human rights education, and peace building initiatives targeting in particular children and youth.	Ongoing	EEAS, COM, MS
	d.	Support the role of women in conflict prevention, mediation and peacebuilding.	Ongoing	EEAS, COM, MS
	e.	Support the establishment of prevention, response and (long-term) reintegration programmes for children affected by armed conflict in cooperation with local communities, affected children and parents (e.g. psycho-social support, socio-economic reintegration, education and life-skills training as well as family tracing and reunification).	By 2017	EEAS, COM, MS

20 Enhancina		Expanse so exertion with and support for the LIN Consist Advisor	Ongoing	FEAC COM MC
20. Enhancing the capacity to address conflicts and crises at multilateral and regional level	a.	Enhance co-operation with and support for the UN Special Adviser on the Prevention of Genocide and the UN Special Adviser on the Responsibility to Protect, as well as other international and regional actors and CSOs engaged in preventive action.	Ongoing	EEAS, COM, MS
	b.	Support the work of the UN Special Representative for Children and Armed Conflict and notably support the development, implementation and monitoring of Action Plans to end and prevent grave violations against children affected by armed conflict, including through advocacy and programming activities.	Ongoing	EEAS, COM, MS
	C.	Support the work of UN Special Representative on Sexual Violence in Conflict, the UN team of experts and UN Action to enhance coordination of international efforts against sexual violence and the effective investigation and prosecution of sexual violence crimes.	Ongoing	EEAS, COM, MS
21. Supporting compliance with International Humanitarian Law (IHL)	a.	Assess and as necessary enhance the implementation of the EU Guidelines on promoting compliance with IHL in light of the ongoing discussions on an IHL compliance mechanism.	By 2016	EEAS, COM, Council, MS
	b.	Take stock of the implementation of the EU's pledges at the 31st Red Cross Movement conference, prepare for the 32nd conference (December 2015) and follow up until the 33rd conference in 2019.	Ongoing	EEAS, Council, MS

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	C.	Develop and implement a due diligence policy to ensure that EU support to security forces, in particular in the context of CSDP missions and operations, is in compliance with and contributes to the implementation of the EU human rights policy and is consistent with the promotion, protection and enforcement of international human rights law and international humanitarian law, as may be applicable.	By 2017	EEAS, COM, Council
	d.	Whenever relevant, EU Heads of Mission, and appropriate EU representatives, including Heads of EU Civilian Operations, Commanders of EU Military Operations and EU Special Representatives, should include an assessment of the IHL situation in their reports about a given State or conflict. Special attention should be given to information that indicates that serious violations of IHL may have been committed; where feasible, such reports should also include an analysis and suggestions of possible measures to be taken by the EU.	By 2017	COM, EEAS, Council, MS
22. Ending impunity, strengthen- ing account- ability and promoting and support- ing transi- tional justice (TJ)	a.	Conduct a comprehensive evaluation of the implementation of Council Decision 2011/168/CFSP of 21 March 2011 on the International Criminal Court (ICC) and the Action Plan on its implementation; formalise the establishment of an EU/ICC Roundtable, allowing relevant staff to identify common areas of interest, exchange information on relevant activities and ensure better co-operation between the two organisations.	By 2016	EEAS, COM, Council, MS

	b. Develop and implement an EU policy on Transitional Justice including through a mapping exercise to identify the EU's experiences, challenges and lessons learned in its support to TJ; provide concrete guidance and training to EU mission staff working on TJ, establish a network of staff across the Commission services and EEAS and EU Member States, as appropriate, to exchange best practices and foster coherence and consistency; increase monitoring and reporting (including through the Human Rights Country Strategies) and promote inter-regional dialogue on transitional justice to improve co-operation between regional organisations.	Ongoing	EEAS, COM, Council, MS
23. Mainstreaming Human Rights into all phases of CSDP planning, review	a. Develop sector-specific operational guidance for staff in CSDP missions working with the police, military, prison services and the judiciary, to provide practical orientation on the mainstreaming of human rights and international humanitarian law, where applicable, with emphasis on the protection of civilians in particular children, and the empowerment and participation of women and girls.	By 2017	EEAS, Council, MS
and conduct	b. Develop and implement the new common code of conduct for CSDP civilian missions, including through: pre-deployment and induction training for staff, mission-specific training to deployed staff, specialised training for senior staff, awareness-raising in missions and for local populations, and the compilation of statistics on breaches of the code; take similar steps to ensure greater awareness of standards of conduct among personnel deployed in military operations, and to raise awareness in local communities where missions/operations are deployed.	By 2017	EEAS, Council, MS

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C.	Strengthen the implementation of the Comprehensive approach to the	By 2016	EEAS, COM,
	EU implementation of the UNSCR 1325 & 1820 and follow up resolutions		Council, MS,
	on women, peace and security by taking into account the UN High Level		
	Review and emerging issues (including counter terrorism, countering		
	violent extremism, trafficking of human beings) as well as improving		
	the reporting of progress on the Comprehensive Approach, adopting		
	a strategic plan for integrating UNSCR 1325 principles into the planning,		
	implementation and review cycle of CSDP missions and operations and		
	improving involvement and coordination with all EU Member States.		



Inauguration ceremony of the First Battalion Commander and new Cadet Course in Mogadishu, Somalia (October 2014)



First Community Policing Course at the Police Staff College, Afghanistan (September 2013)

Objective	Action	Timeline	Responsibility				
IV. FOSTERING BETTER COHERENCE AND CONSISTENCY							
24. Migration/ trafficking in human beings (THB)/ smuggling of migrants/ asylum	a. In line with the Global Approach to Migration and Mobility (GAMM) and the European Agenda on Migration, enhance human rights safeguards in all migration and mobility dialogues and co-operation frameworks with third countries, including Mobility Partnerships and Common Agendas on Migration and Mobility, as well as in migration-related agreements, processes and programmes, including through the analysis of human rights impacts; ensure the introduction of human rights training elements in capacity-building projects with immigration and border agencies.	By 2017	EEAS, COM, MS				
asylum policies	b. Building on the steps already taken in the implementation of the EU Anti-Trafficking Strategy, fully integrate human rights, refugees' rights and victim protection into discussions on Trafficking in Human Beings (THB) in political, migration and mobility, security and human rights dialogues with priority countries, and with international and regional organisations and donors operating in those priority countries; EU Delegations in priority countries will make full use of their appointed contact person for THB, and raise human rights-related issues in discussions on THB with the host-country authorities; promote the ratification and implementation of key international conventions concerning trafficking in human beings and the issue of forced labour.	Ongoing	EEAS, COM, M				

C.	Address human rights issues associated with people smuggling through political, human rights and other dialogues with partner countries; encourage EU Delegations to make full use of their resources to ensure that people smuggling and its human rights dimension are consistently addressed in their cooperation with the host country authorities as well as with civil society, international organisations and other donors.	By 2017	EEAS, MS
d.	Support partner countries to promote and protect the rights of refugees and internally displaced persons (IDPs), including through capacity building and the promotion of the ratification of the 1951 Refugee Convention and 1967 Protocol.	Ongoing	EEAS, COM, MS
e.	Support improved access to justice and health for migrants in countries of origin and transit; promote improved conditions of detention for detained migrants and alternatives to the use of detention for irregular migrants in third countries; pay particular attention in this regard to vulnerable migrants including unaccompanied minors.	Ongoing	COM, EEAS, MS
f.	Engage with the diaspora communities both inside the EU and in non-EU destination countries to promote awareness in their countries of origin of human rights abuses faced by migrants and refugees in countries of transit, and support efforts by diaspora groups to address human rights issues in their countries of origin.	Ву 2017	EEAS, COM, MS
g.	Identify countries of origin where human rights violations act as a key push factor, and better target political and other dialogues and programmes so as to address these violations.	By 2016	EEAS, COM, MS

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EU ACTION PLAN ON HUMAN RIGHTS AND DEMOCRACY
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	h.	Continue to address the issue of statelessness in relations with priority countries; focus efforts on preventing the emergence of stateless populations as a result of conflict, displacement and the break-up of states.	Ongoing	EEAS, COM, MS
25. Trade/ investment policy	a.	Provide support for and strengthen effective implementation, enforcement and monitoring of GSP+ beneficiaries' commitments (relevant HR treaties and ILO conventions), including through projects with key international bodies and civil society, including social partners.	Ongoing	EEAS, COM
	b.	Continue to develop a robust and methodologically sound approach to the analysis of human rights impacts of trade and investment agreements, in ex-ante impact assessments, sustainability impact assessments and ex-post evaluations; explore ways to extend the existing quantitative analysis in assessing the impact of trade and investment initiatives on human rights.	By 2017	EEAS, COM, Council, MS
	C.	EU Member States to strive to include in new or revised Bilateral Investment Treaties (BITs) that they negotiate in the future with third countries provisions related to the respect and fulfilment of human rights, including provisions on Corporate Social Responsibility, in line with those inserted in agreements negotiated at EU level.	Ongoing	MS

	d.	Aim at systematically including in EU trade and investment agreements the respect of internationally recognised principles and guidelines on Corporate Social Responsibility, such as those contained in the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the UN Global Compact, the UN Guiding principles on business and human rights (UNGPs), the ILO Tripartite Declaration of Principles concerning Multinational Enterprises and Social Policy, and ISO 26000.	Ongoing	COM
	e.	Regularly review the Regulation on trade in goods that can be used for capital punishment or torture (1236/2005), and the Dual Use goods Regulation (428/2009) to mitigate the potential risks associated with the uncontrolled export of ICT products that could be used in a manner that leads to human rights violations.	Ongoing	EEAS, COM
26. Counter- terrorism (CT)	a.	Ensure that human rights and rule of law are fully respected in the implementation of the EU's comprehensive action against terrorism in line with the 2005 EU Counter-Terrorism Strategy and are at the centre of all programmes, legislation, policies and mechanisms on counter terrorism in third countries while also ensuring compliance with IHL, as appropriate, and enabling principled humanitarian action.	Ongoing	EEAS, COM, Council, MS
	b.	Ensure wide dissemination of the EU Human Rights Counter Terrorism guidance, including by engaging in outreach activities and training practitioners in the field, in particular for activities deployed under the Instrument contributing to Stability and Peace.	By 2016	EEAS, COM

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27. Pursuing a Rights Based Approach (RBA) to Development	a.	Implement the EU commitment to move towards a rights based approach to development cooperation, encompassing all human rights by pursuing its full concrete integration into all EU development instruments and activities, using training and guidance, capacity support, results-oriented monitoring guidelines and criteria for evaluation with a view to achieving a full integration within the assessment of the implementation of a rights-based approach to development cooperation in 2016 targeting the mid-term review; EU Member States will work towards increasingly integrating a rights based approach in their development cooperation policies.	By 2016	COM, EEAS, Council, MS
	b.	Assess the implementation of the Annex 12 of the 2012 EU Budget Support Policy that set up a Fundamental Values assessment as an essential element for budget support and in particular in this context the full integration of a rights based approach into Sector Reform Contracts.	By 2017	COM, EEAS
	C.	Explore the possibility to further implement a rights based approach into non-development related external activities; contribute to discussions on the right to development; assess the implications for human rights of the post-2015 Development Agenda.	By 2017	COM, EEAS, MS

28. Strengthening the contribution of impact assessments (IAs) to the respect of Human	a.	Building on the existing assessment of the impact of EU actions on fundamental rights, continue to improve the incorporation of human rights in Commission impact assessments for proposals with external effect and likely significant impacts on human rights; developing further guidance on the analysis of human rights impacts, strengthening the expertise and capacities for this type of analysis and ensuring robust consultations of relevant stakeholder groups exposed to major human rights risks.		EEAS, COM
Rights	b.	Incorporate analysis of human rights impacts in Commission ex post evaluations of EU interventions with external effects.	Ongoing	COM, EEAS
	C.	Ensure policy coherence between the analysis of human rights impacts undertaken in impact assessments and other human rights related policy instruments, including human rights country strategies, human rights dialogues and budget support/programming of financing instruments, with a view to addressing the identified potential negative impacts and maximise positive ones.		EEAS, COM



European Council President Donald Tusk visits the Nizip refugee camp in Turkey, near the Syrian border (September 2015)



Female cotton pickers in Tajikistan

Objective	Action	Timeline	Responsibility
V. A MORE EF	FECTIVE EU HUMAN RIGHTS AND DEMOCRACY SUPPORT POLIC	Υ	
29. Increasing the effect-	a. Develop, share and build upon the best practices identified for human rights dialogues, including follow-up processes.	By 2017	EEAS, Council
iveness of Human Rights Dialogues	b. Ensure that human rights and democracy considerations are factored in to the different sectorial dialogues with a partner country and as such form part of the overall bilateral strategy.	Ongoing	EEAS, Council
2101109	c. Ensure internal-external coordination in the context of human rights dialogues, including the annual EU-CSO dialogue; define and address a number of human rights and democracy priority issues in the context of external human rights dialogues on which a better EU response can be provided.		EEAS, COM, Council, MS
	d. Continue mainstreaming co-operation at the UN and other bilateral human rights fora into bilateral human rights and political dialogue and cooperation; pursue closer cooperation and identification of joint actions, in particular with strategic partners; continue to press for universal adherence to international human rights standards and develop guidance for the systematic use of concluding observations, recommendations as well as reports of the treaty monitoring bodies, the Human Rights Council's Universal Periodic Review and special procedures.		EEAS, COM, Council, MS
	e. Establish and assess priorities, objectives, modalities, indicators of progress for EU human rights dialogues and consultations, to facilitate their review.	By 2017	EEAS, Council

30. Improving the visibility and impact	a.	Launch the second round of local Human Rights Country Strategies taking into account the lessons learned from the first round including the need to consult civil society, and the importance of public diplomacy.	2015/2016	EEAS, COM, MS, Council
of Human Rights	b.	Integrate the HRCS' priorities and democracy analysis in political dialogues, reporting and high level visits.	Ongoing	
Country Strategies (HRCS)	C.	Ensure follow up to the HRCS through joint annual implementation reports to be presented to the relevant Council bodies.	Ongoing	EEAS, COM, Council, MS
(rines)	d.	Ensure that EU and Member State assistance programmes take into account and facilitate the implementation of the HRCS priorities.	Ongoing	EEAS, COM, MS
31. Focusing on an effective implemen-	a.	Intensify awareness raising and dissemination of EU Guidelines and related guidance documents as well as training of staff in EU Delegations and Member State Embassies, including at the level of Ambassadors.	By 2017	COM, EEAS, MS
tation of EU Human Rights Guide- lines	b.	Systematise reporting on the Guidelines' implementation and introduce logbooks on EU action on specific thematic issues in partner countries, to ensure more systematic follow-up to individual cases and to promote regular exchange of best practice in Guidelines' implementation.	By 2016	COM, EEAS, MS

32. Maximising the impact of Electoral Observation	a.	Support and re-commit to the implementation of the Declaration of Principles (DoP) for International Election Observation and co-operate closely with organisations that are applying the DoP in observation methodology, such as ODHIR.	Ву 2016	EEAS, COM, Council, MS
	b.	Consolidate best practices for leveraging EU EOMS and OSCE/ODHIR Election Observation Missions recommendations in EU and EU Member State political dialogues and democracy support activities.	Ongoing	EEAS, COM, MS
	C.	Strengthen long term planning and integrated deployment of all aspects of EU and Member State support to the electoral cycle, by exploring innovative aid delivery mechanisms.	By 2017	EEAS, COM, MS
33. Ensuring the effective use and the best interplay of EU policies, tools and financing instruments	a.	Increase coherence and complementarity of existing EU tools, financing instruments and reporting mechanisms used to promote human rights and support democracy (e.g. EIDHR,HRCS, democracy analyses and action plans, reports from election observation, election assistance and follow-up missions, Enlargement Progress Reports, ENP progress reports and action plans, civil society engagement roadmaps, assessments of fundamental values for Good Governance and Development Contracts, risk management frameworks for budget support), and taking into account the review procedures undertaken for those instruments.	By 2017	EEAS, COM, Council
	b.	Strengthen democracy analysis and support on the basis of lessons learned and gaps identified from the 1st and 2nd generation of the democracy support pilot exercise and strengthen the capacity of EU Delegations and EU Member State Embassies to work on democracy in a coherent manner.	By 2017	EEAS, COM, Council, MS

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	C.	Further develop working methods to ensure the best articulation between dialogue, targeted support, incentives and restrictive measures.	Ongoing	EEAS, COM, MS
	d.	Increase coherence between human rights objectives as defined in the Action Plan and human rights country strategies and the programming of assistance of the EU and Member States on human rights; take into account best practices for the implementation of human rights related projects and make it part of all joint learning mechanisms.	Ongoing	EEAS, COM, MS
	e.	Improve coherence in the application of human rights clauses which are systematically included in all new EU international agreements.	By 2017	EEAS, COM
	f.	Support the ongoing development of human rights indicators undertaken by the OHCHR with a view to: (i) facilitating measurement of the realisation of human rights, including online publication of indicators at global level, and (ii) systematising compilation and use of HR and surveying good practices and lessons learned.	By 2017	EEAS, COM, Council, MS
	g.	Engage systematically with the UN and with the regional organisations (e.g. AU, OAS, LAS, CoE, OSCE, ASEAN, SAARC, PIF) on best practices for human rights and the strengthening of democracy in all regions.	Ongoing	EEAS, COM, MS
34. Improve public diplomacy and commu- nication on human rights	a.	Improve the accessibility and visibility of the EU's human rights policy by making more effective use of the internet and social media, including through an increased and more consolidated web presence.	By 2016	EEAS, COM, Council, MS
	b.	Better communicate at country level to reach and engage with civil society and the public on country specific human rights priorities and activities.	By 2016	EEAS, COM, Council, MS



Participants at the women rights conference "National Action Plan for Women of Afghanistan (NAPWA) Regional Conference North" in Mazar-e Sharif (March 2013)



Briefing given by the EU's electoral observation mission in Ecuador, in the presence of MEP Emma Bonino, Head of the mission (September 2002)



 $A\ wide\ view\ of\ the\ 18th\ session\ of\ the\ UN\ Human\ Rights\ Council\ on\ 16\ September\ 2011\ in\ Geneva,\ Switzerland$ 

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